2007 May

Cockroaches



Identification leads to effective management.



Oriental cockroach entering pheromone trap.



An uncommon but disgusting sight (American Cockroach).

Eliminate food, water and shelter as much as possible to drastically reduce cockroach infestations.

	SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
Inspect hiding places.	29	30	ı	2	3	4	5
MAY TIPS							
Sanitation and exclusion are important prevention strategies to manage cockroaches in buildings. Learn how to distinguish a field cockroach from a German cockroach. Field cockroaches	6	7	8	9	10	II	12
 live outside and only occasionally come inside, usually in the fall when their numbers peak. Place sticky traps behind refrigerators, sinks and next to walls; they rarely venture into the middle of a room. Use a HEPA-filtered vacuum to remove cock- 	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
 roaches prior to beginning a baiting program. Put bait in valve boxes for Oriental and Turkestan cockroaches. Monitor for these cockroaches under and between concrete slabs. German cockroaches hide in cracks and crevices, so place small drops of gel bait in 	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
 these areas. OTHER PESTS Pigeons: look for evidence of pigeon activity. Record location of birds at dawn, mid-day and evening to determine where building 	27	28	29	30	31	1	2
 modifications will be most effective. Rats and Mice: look for droppings, fresh gnaw marks, and tracks that indicate activity. Gophers: trap, trap, trap; activity is increasing. 	RECORD OF MANA	GEMENT ACTIVITIES	1	,	RESULTS		

2007

June Rats





Sanitation is prevention.

TUESDAY

MONDAY

TASK



Droppings of roof (left) and Norway rat (right).

Copper mesh exclusion.

JUNE TIPS

RATS

Combined practices, including sanitation, rat-proofing and snap traps, should be used to manage rat infestations.

- Identify the species; management for Norway and roof rats can be different.
- Monitor throughout the year, looking for rat droppings and chewing damage.
- Thin or remove vegetation near building that provide rats with shelter and travel bridges.
- Seal or screen openings larger that a quarter (one-quarter inch diameter).
- Place traps along walls and check frequently. Rats are very cautious; leaving traps baited, but unset for several days will improve trap catches when they are set.

OTHER PESTS

- **Ground squirrels:** Install barriers to prevent digging under structures; treated grain baits are effective because squirrels normally feed on seeds during this period.
- Pigeons: Install roosting deterrents, like 80-pound monofilament line, 1-2 feet apart over frequented and sensitive areas. Seal all openings to eaves, lofts, and steeples.
- **Trees:** This is a good time to prune trees susceptible to diseases, such as anthracnose, and bacterial diseases like cankers.

DATE

27	28	29	30	31		2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
RECORD OF MAN	AGEMENT ACTIVITIES	5				

WEDNESDAY

THURSDAY

RESULTS

FRIDAY

SATURDAY



2007
July
Pigeons



Discourage roosting with wire spikes.

Pigeons produce young all year round, though peak breeding season is in the spring and fall.

	SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	
Deter pigeons with 45 degree angles. Owl decoys do not work.	I	2	3	4	5	6	7	
JULY TIPS								
 PIGEONS Habitat modification to deter roosting pigeons is a good long-term solution to pigeon problems. Reduce perching sites – convert flat surfaces to 45-degree angles using wood, sheet metal, styrofoam or plexiglass. 	8	9	10		12	13	14	
 Remove or repair dripping faucets or other sources of water. Pigeons nests: knock down and destroy in late winter and again in summer. 	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
What doesn't workUltrasonics and other periodic noise devices.								
• Owl decoys and other scare techniques (fake snakes, balloons, flags, flashing lights).	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	
 OTHER PESTS Ground squirrels: They aestivate (summer sleep) during the hottest summer months so 								
 control efforts are not warranted. Ants, yellowjackets, cockroaches, mice and rats: Empty trash daily to eliminate food sources and keep populations in check. Turf: Check water requirements and adjust sprinklers to the recommended rate. Check sprinklers to be sure all are working. 	29	30	31		2	3	4	
spiniklers to be sure all are working.	RECORD OF MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES							
	DATE	TASK			RESULTS			

Department of Pesticide Regulation